



Physical Education

Basketball Year 4

Unit Purpose

The unit of work will develop pupils' ability to apply the principles of **attack** vs **defence**, with a particular focus on creating simple **attacking tactics** in order to move the ball up the court, creating an attack that results in a shooting opportunity.

Inspire Me

The **Harlem Globetrotters** are an American exhibition basketball team. They combine athleticism and theatre in their style of play. They have played more than 26,000 exhibition games in over 124 countries.



Key Success Criteria

- P** Pupils will be able to apply a secure understanding of passing, moving, dribbling and shooting in order to score points against another team.
- C** Pupils will demonstrate a growing understanding of the difference between attack and defence as well as when, where and why we execute certain skills.
- S** Pupils will develop life skills such as respect and cooperation as they collaborate with others and apply the rules of the game.
- W** Pupils will continue to develop and apply life skills such as resilience and self discipline as they strive to improve their own performance and understanding.

Vocabulary for Learning

Possession: is when we have physical control of the ball. This could be as an individual or when working as part of a team. It is when we have 'possession' that we can create the opportunity to score.

Marking: Marking is when the attacking player has received the ball and you are making it difficult for them to pass the ball on by restricting their options.

Space: is an open area on the court that is unoccupied by a defender or the defending team. The team in possession of the ball need to identify open spaces to move into to enable them to create opportunities to score.



Sport Specific Vocabulary

Bounce Pass: A bounce pass is a short pass that enables the player to find a teammate in a crowded area. The height of the ball makes it difficult for the opposition to reach and intercept.

Pivot: A pivot is used to allow the attacker in possession of the ball the opportunity to change direction without committing an offence. One foot must remain on the ground known as the pivot foot. The attacker can step with their other foot, using their pivot foot to change direction.

